



### Proposed South Mountain Freeway (Loop 202) Study Update

City of Phoenix Ahwatukee Foothills Village Planning Committee



Timothy Tait, Arizona Department of Transportation Communication and Community Partnerships May 19, 2008



# Regional Transportation Plan



In 2003, Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) approved \$15.8 billion Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)

In 2004, voters approved Proposition 400

- Provided funding needed to implement RTP
- Extension of 1985 voter-approved plan
- Half-cent sales tax in Maricopa County

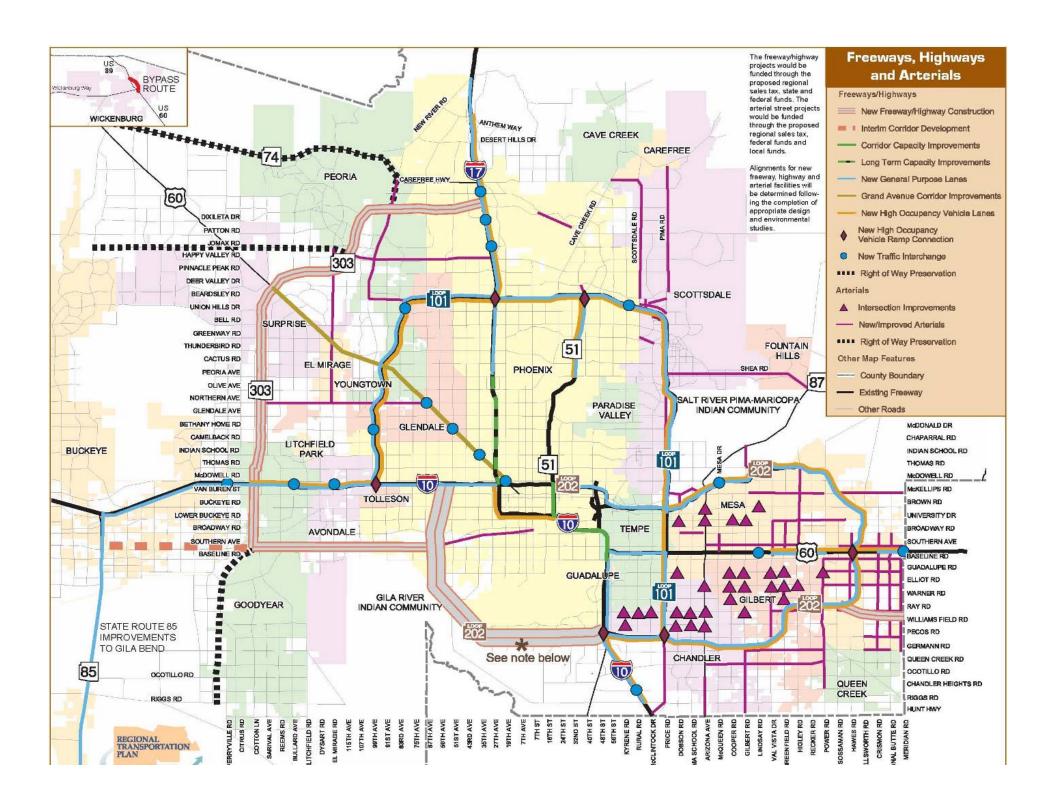


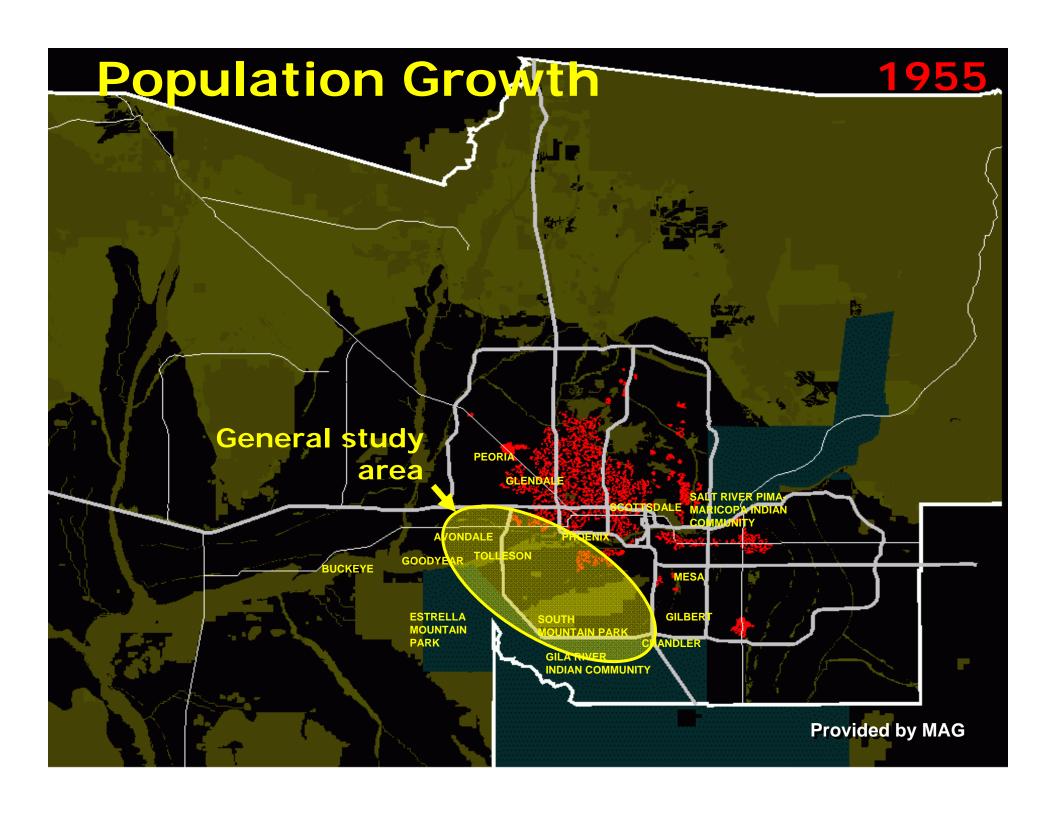
#### What is the RTP?

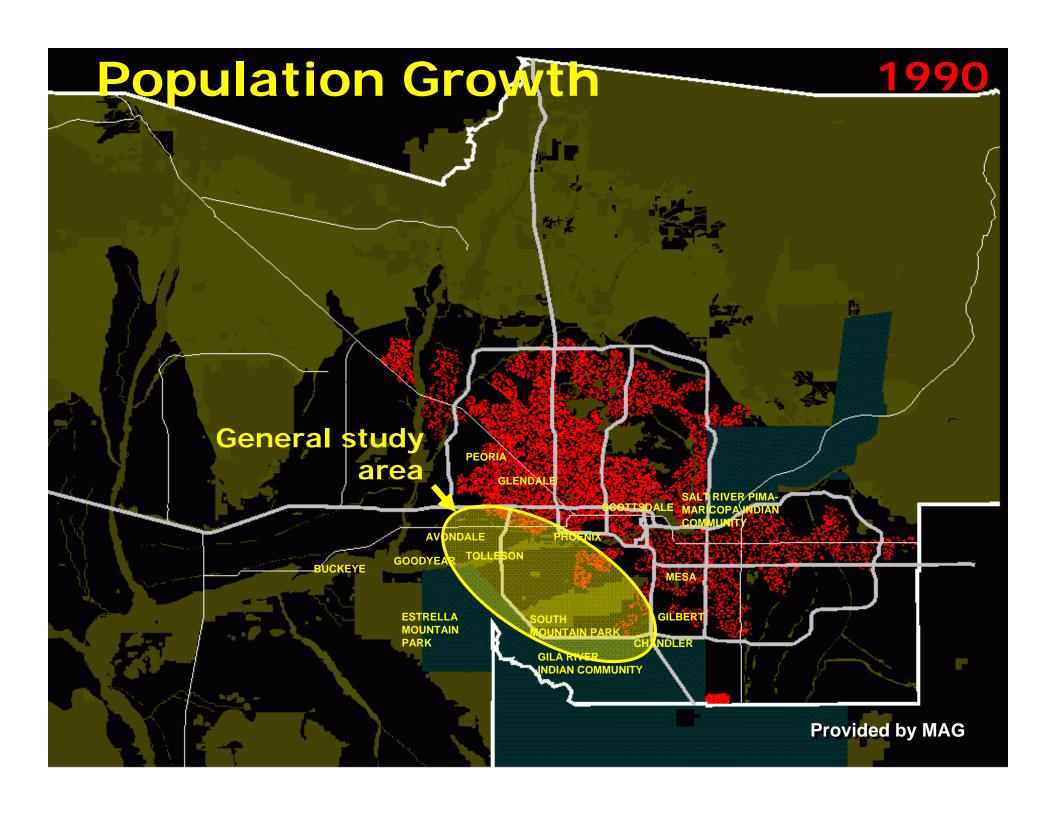


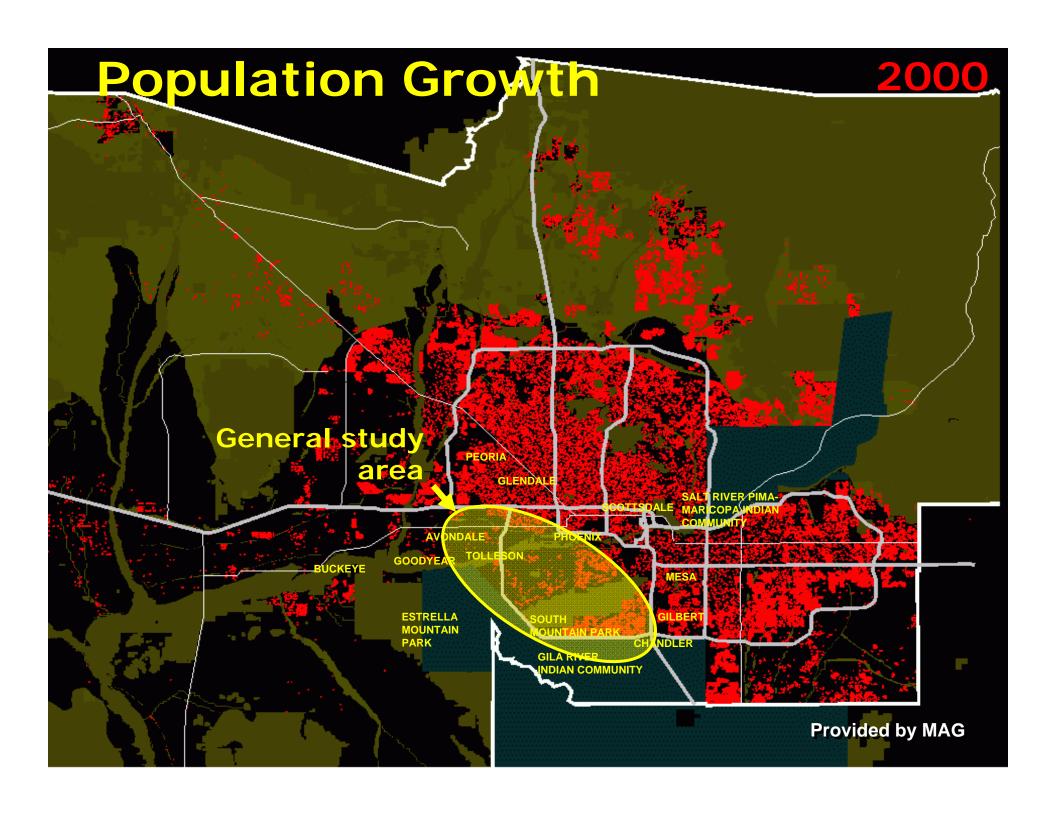
### Partnership between ADOT, MAG, local cities, Valley Metro and Valley Metro Rail to:

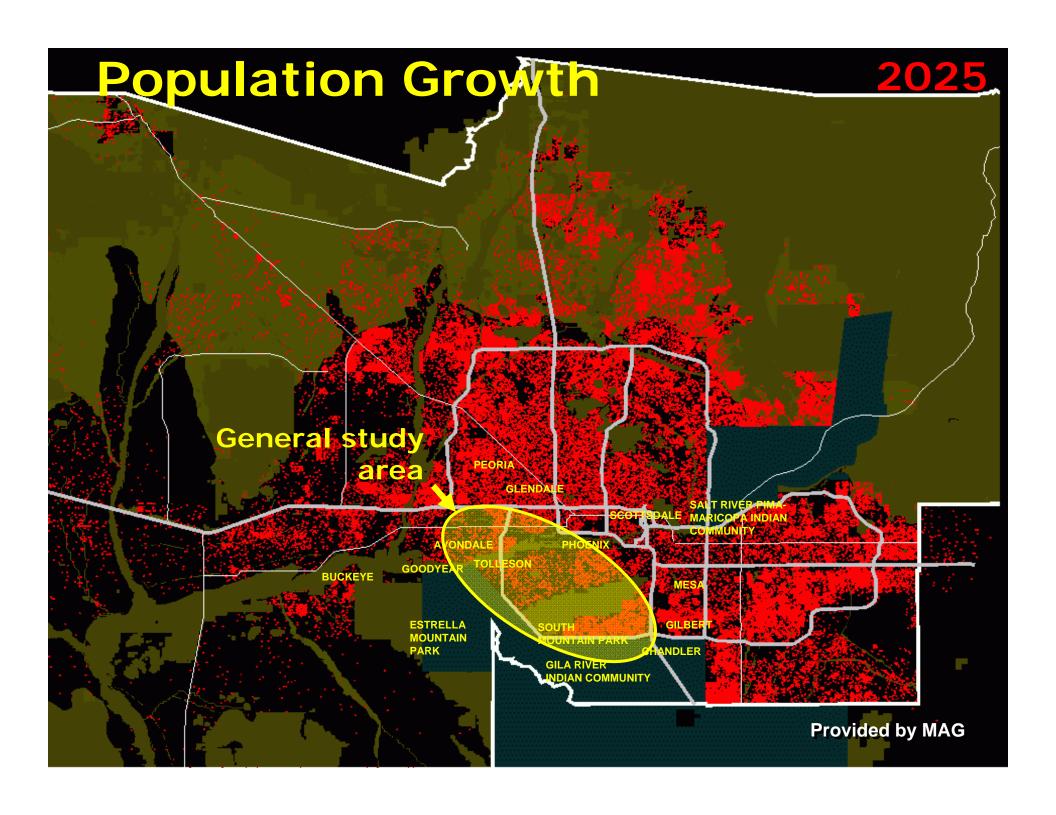
- Manage regional transportation programs
  - roads, freeways, light rail, buses
- Coordinate project implementation
- Develop finance strategies
- Foster communication and public involvement
- Facilitate regional collaboration













#### FHWA's Role



- Serve as lead federal agency
- Participate in study process
- Provide EIS review and approval
- Provide funding



#### MAG's Role



- Develop RTP and conduct regional transportation planning in collaboration with ADOT
- Set priorities for scheduling and funding of projects
- Approve accelerations and cost changes to RTP
- Approve air quality conformity on all regional transportation projects



#### **ADOT's Role**



- Implement RTP
- Conduct studies to identify/evaluate freeway alternatives
- Coordinate Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
- Acquire rights-of-way
- Design and construct freeways
- Maintain freeways



#### Public's Role

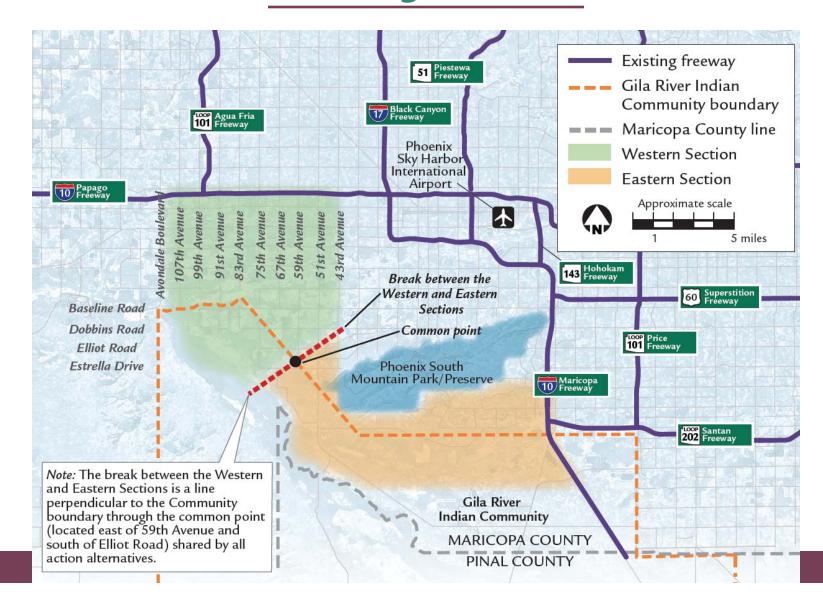


- Ask questions
- Provide feedback
- Tell us
  - What is important to you?
  - > What are your concerns?



### South Mountain Freeway Study Area







### Project History: Purpose and Need



Regional Population

3.8 million in 2005

6.24 million in 2030

Travel Demand 135% increase in the same time period

- South Mountain Freeway 189,000 vehicles per day in 2030
- Provides movement between the southeast and southwest portions of the Valley



### Project History: Purpose and Need



South Mountain Freeway would allow the regional transportation system to function most effectively in 2030

- Improved travel times
- Less freeway and arterial street congestion

Travel time savings with South Mountain Freeway

Regionally: \$400 million per year



#### What ADOT Studies



- Air quality
- Cultural sites
- Environmental justice
- Threatened and endangered species
- Potential hazardous waste sites
- Residential and business displacements
- Noise

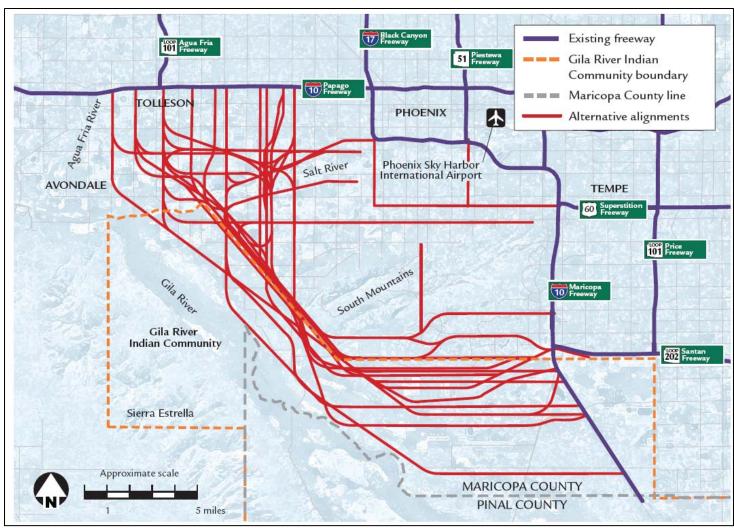
- Utilities
- Local land use plans
- Agricultural lands
- Traffic operations and highway design standards
- Public and jurisdictional acceptability
- Historic/public park land [Section 4(f)]
- Cost

<sup>\*</sup> This listing is representative



#### **Initial Alternatives**

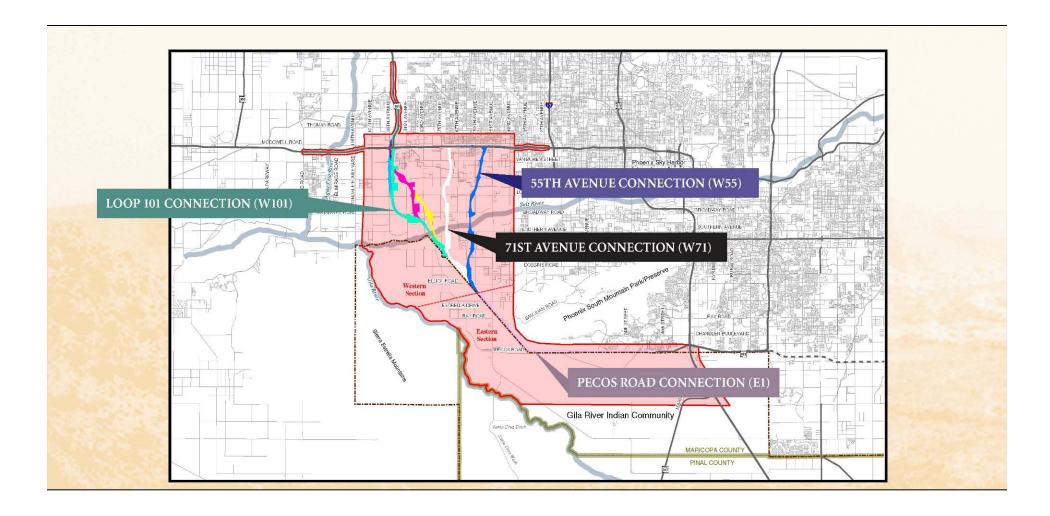






### Alternatives Studied in Detail







### **Evaluating Alternatives**



- 30+ alternatives
- Alternatives refined to those shown
- Public and agency suggestions
  - More than 2,100 comments received from November 2005 public meetings
  - Local government resolutions
  - CAT recommendation for Loop 101 Alternative



### **Evaluating Alternatives**



- ADOT recommendation of 55<sup>th</sup> Avenue Alternative as Western Section "preliminary preferred alternative"
- Alternatives continue to be studied in detail in technical reports and Draft EIS



### **Alternatives Developed**



- Three alternative options were developed:
  - Above existing ground
  - Below existing ground
  - No-build







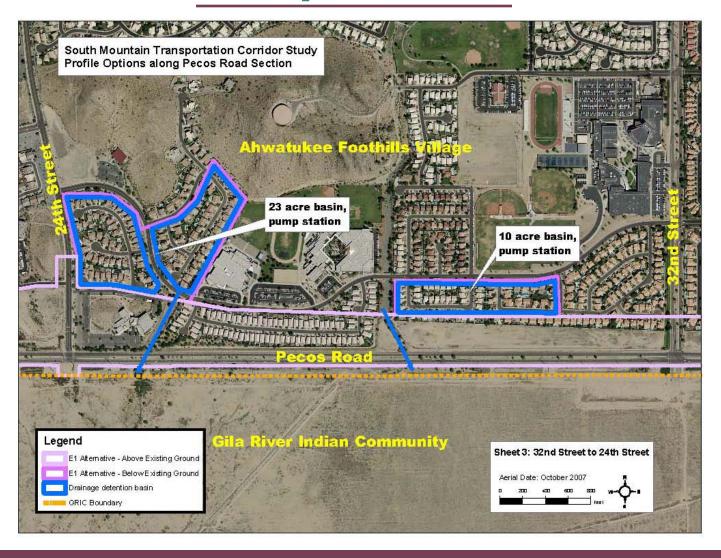






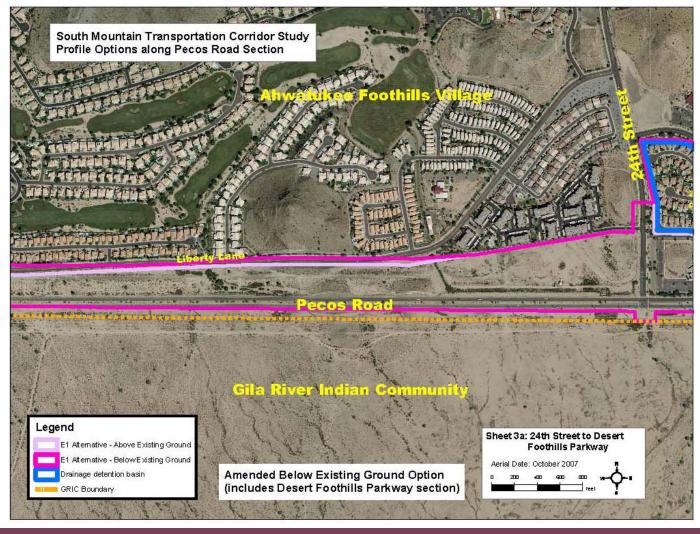






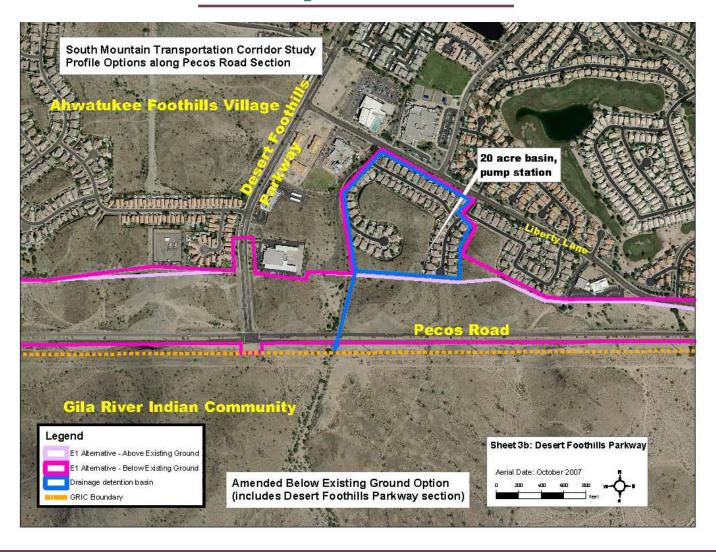






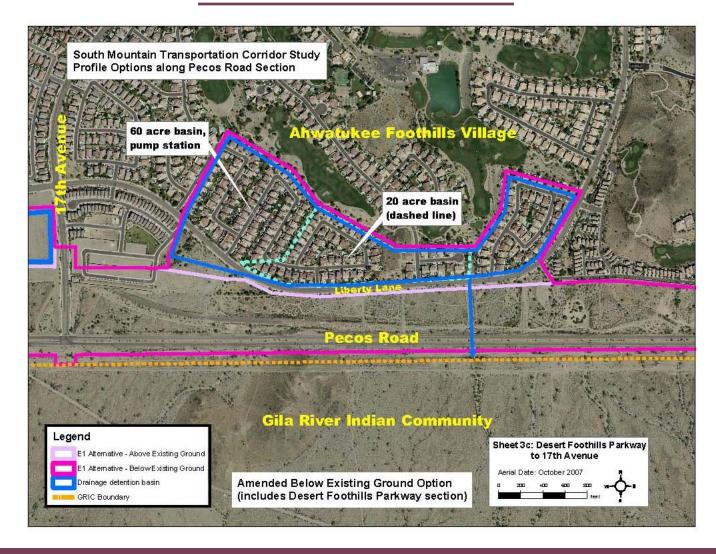






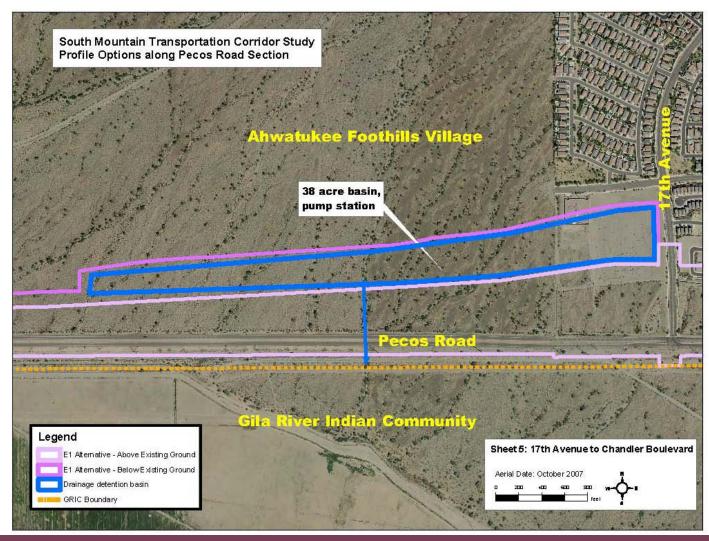














# Summary of potential impacts



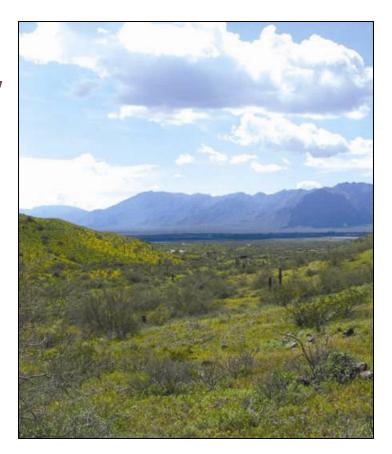
Issue	Freeway Above Existing Ground Option	Freeway Below Existing Ground Option
Residential displacements	317	806 with base drainage plan
Cost	\$810 million	\$1.383 billion with basic drainage plan
Noise	Noise barriers would be used to mitigate impacts	Noise barriers would be used to mitigate impacts



# Traditional Cultural Properties



- A traditional cultural property (TCP) is defined as a property eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places because of its association with cultural practices or beliefs
- South Mountains are considered sacred by some Native American communities





### Citizens Advisory Team



- Reconvened March 2007 with meetings approximately every month
- CAT is discussing Eastern Section and Build/No-Build Alternative
- CAT members are encouraged to involve their respective associations
- Recent meetings have discussed traffic studies, alternative screening, roadway profile options, water resources, jurisdictional waters, floodplains, land use, visual and biological resources



### Citizens Advisory Team Meetings



- Meetings are held at South Mountain Community College, 7050 S. 24<sup>th</sup> Street
- 6–8:30 p.m.
- Public welcome to attend



### Citizens Advisory Team Future Meetings



Date	Subject	Topics
May 22, 2008	E1 Alternative DEIS – Impacts	Hazardous materials Geotechnical resources Energy Utilities
June 26, 2008	E1 Alternative DEIS – Impacts	Social conditions Environmental justice Noise
July 24, 2008	E1 Alternative DEIS – Impacts	Section 4(f) and 6(f) Cultural resources
August 28, 2008	E1 Alternative DEIS – Impacts	Economics Prime and unique farmlands Cumulative and secondary impacts



### Citizens Advisory Team Future Meetings



Date	Subject	Topics
Sept. 25, 2008	E1 Alternative DEIS – Impacts	Public comment summary Construction cost/right-of-way cost/total cost
TBD	Air Quality Panel	Air quality (nonproject-specific)
TBD	Draft Environmental Impact Statement for public review & comment	
TBD	Air Quality Panel	Air quality (project-specific)
TBD	DEIS Open Discussion	Discussion of action versus No- Action Alternative Discussion of mitigation CAT discussion regarding DEIS
TBD	CAT Recommendation	CAT recommendation regarding action versus No-Action Alternative



### **Project Process:** What's Next



#### **DECISION-MAKING PROCESS**

Draft Environmental Impact Statement

Public review of Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS)

ADOT/FHWA decision on No Action/ Action Alternative

Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) and Record of Decision

**PUBLIC** INVOLVEMENT **PROCESS** 

Citizens Advisory Team Meetings Community Office Hours Community Events/Meetings **Public Hearings** 

**Public Comment Throughout Process** 



### **Public Hearings**



Public hearings will be held during the public review of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement

- Two hearings one in western and one in eastern section of the study area
- Public will be able to submit formal comments, which will be included in the project record



### **Community Office Hours**



During the Draft EIS public comment period, study team representatives will be available during open office hours to answer questions and accept comments

 Located in various locations in the study area – announced through newspaper notices, fliers and the project Web site



#### **Contact Information**



#### Project Web site:

www.azdot.gov/ValleyFreeways

#### E-mail:

ADOT@PolicyDevelopmentGroup.com

### Project information line:

602-712-7006

### Project mailing address:

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# Questions and Comments







### Thank You!

